

Status and prospects of the AWAKE experiment

ICHEP, Seoul 2018

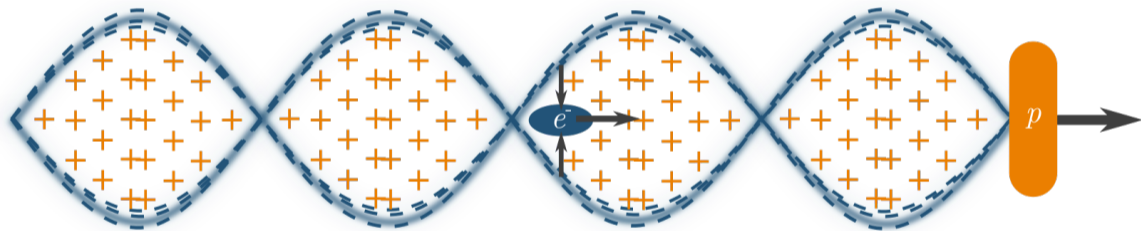
F. Keeble, UCL

On behalf of the AWAKE Collaboration



AWAKE is an experiment to demonstrate proton driven plasma wakefield acceleration for the first time.

We aim to accelerate electrons to **GeV** energies to prove the technique's potential for **HEP projects**.



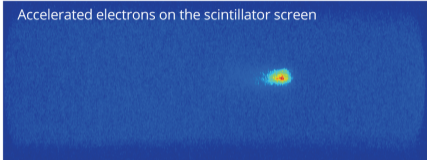
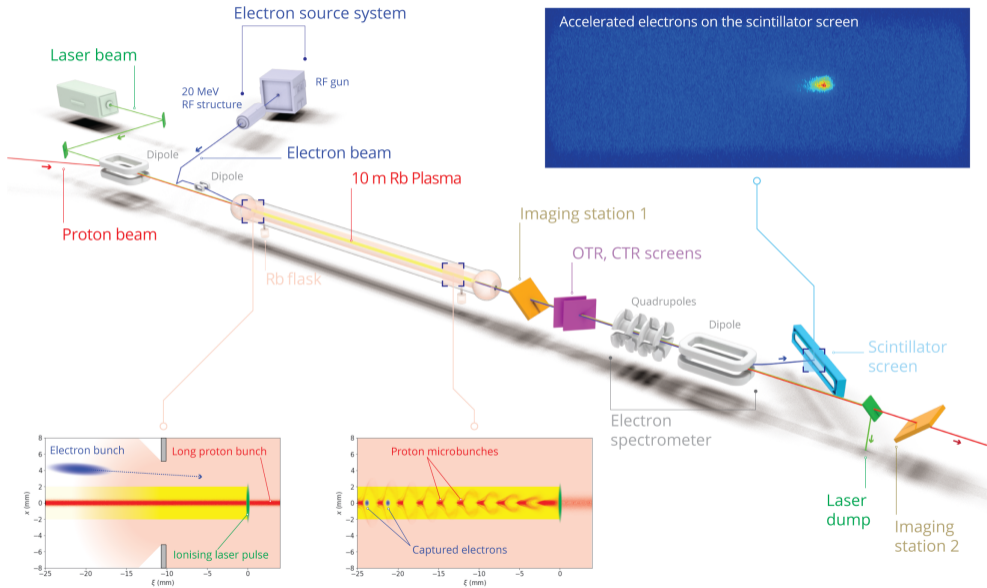
Previous plasma wakefield experiments have been driven by laser pulses and electron beams.

ILC/CLIC, 500 GeV with $2 \times 10^{10} e^- \rightarrow 1.6 \text{ kJ}$

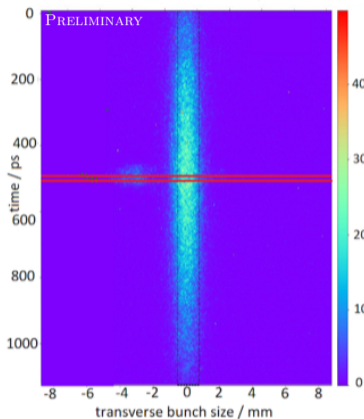
Producing high energy bunches in a **single stage** requires high drive beam energy.

SPS, 400 GeV with $3 \times 10^{11} p \rightarrow 19.2 \text{ kJ}$

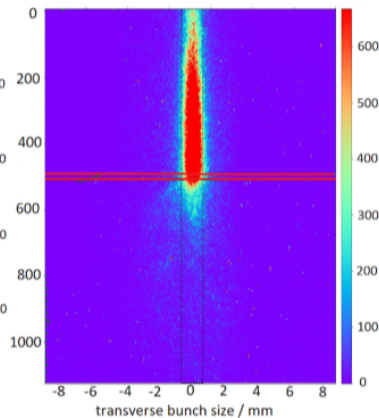
Proton drive beams can give high gradient ($> 1 \text{ GV m}^{-1}$) acceleration over **100's of metres**.



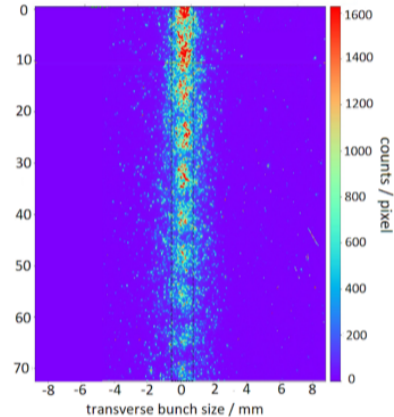
OTR images taken with a **streak camera**



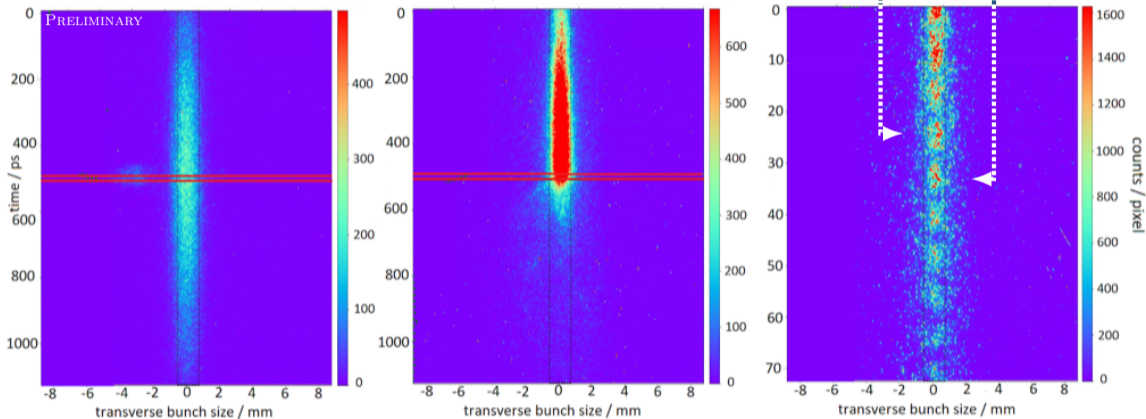
Protons and low power laser

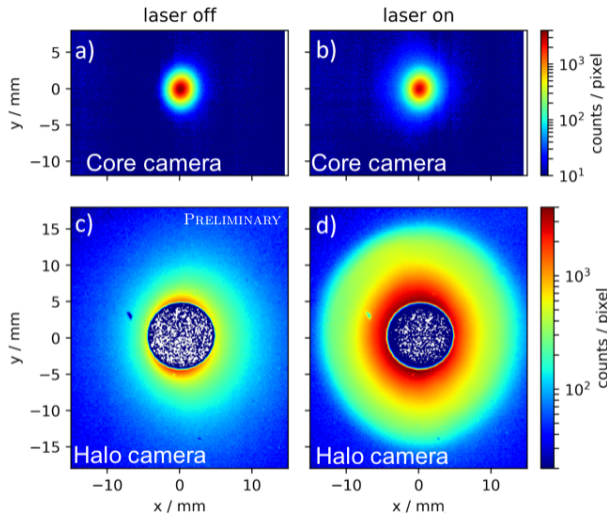


Protons and **high** power laser

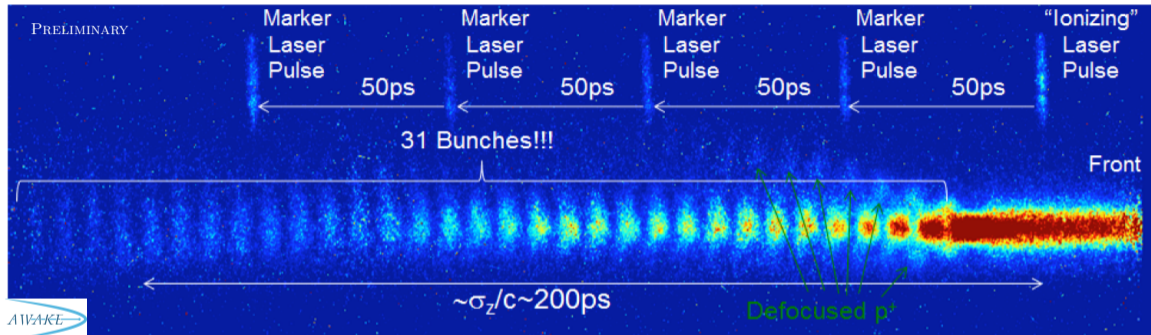


Clear microbunching at the **plasma frequency**



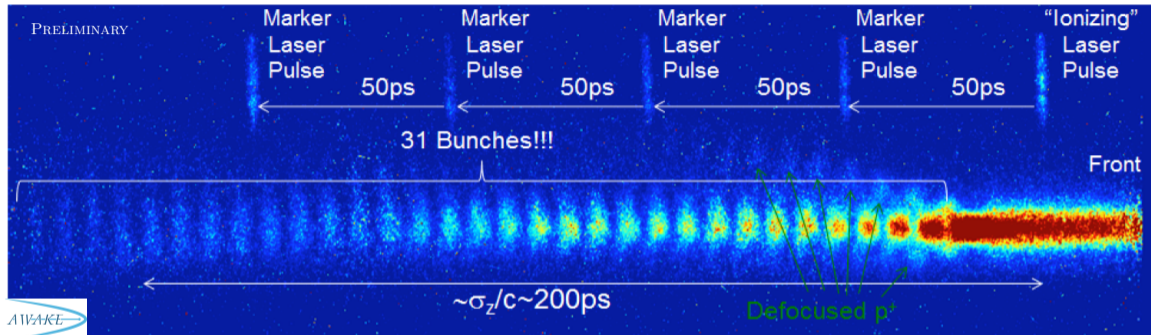


Blown-out protons give clear evidence of strong **transverse** fields acting on the bunch.



Stitching together **multiple** streak camera images shows the full bunch train.

This is only possible because of how **reproducible** the self-modulation is.



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More self-modulation details in two **upcoming** papers.

Electron acceleration

[REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED] AWAKE [REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED] is [REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED]

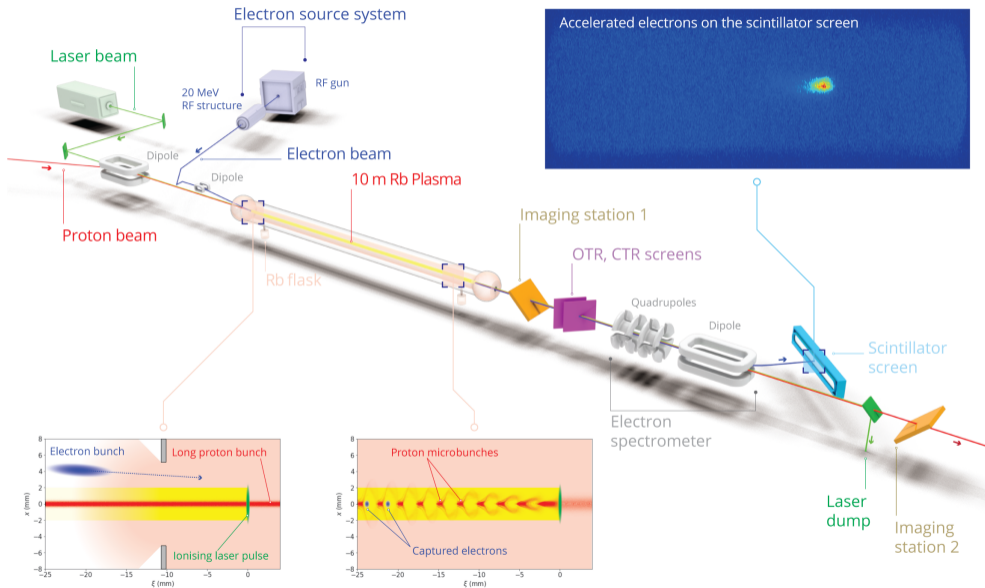
[REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED] doing [REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED]

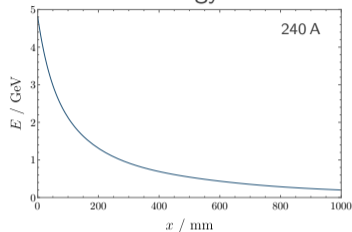
[REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED] very [REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED] well [REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED]

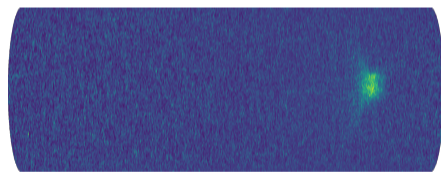
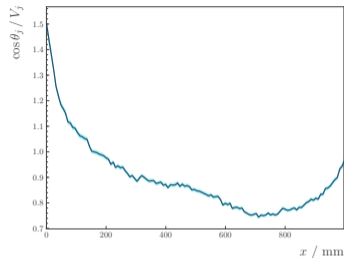
Electron acceleration results



Position \leftrightarrow energy conversion



Geometric corrections



CCD count \leftrightarrow charge conversion

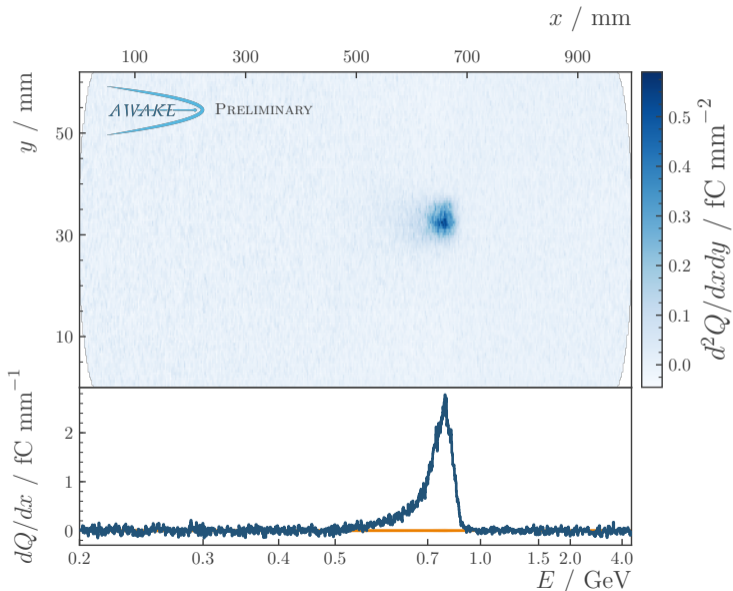
Background subtraction

Event at $n_{pe} = 1.8 \times 10^{14} \text{ cm}^{-3}$ with a 5% / 10 m density gradient.

Acceleration to $\sim 800 \text{ MeV}$. The energy is dependent on n_{pe} and on the gradient.

Capture efficiency not yet optimised, leading to low accelerated bunch charge of $\sim 0.2 \text{ pC}$. We're working to improve this now.

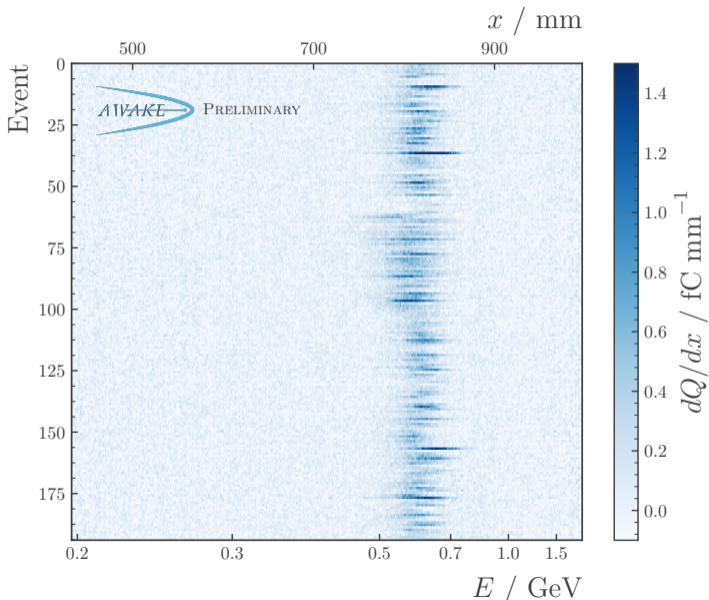
Spectrometer quadrupoles were focusing at $\sim 600 \text{ MeV}$ here.



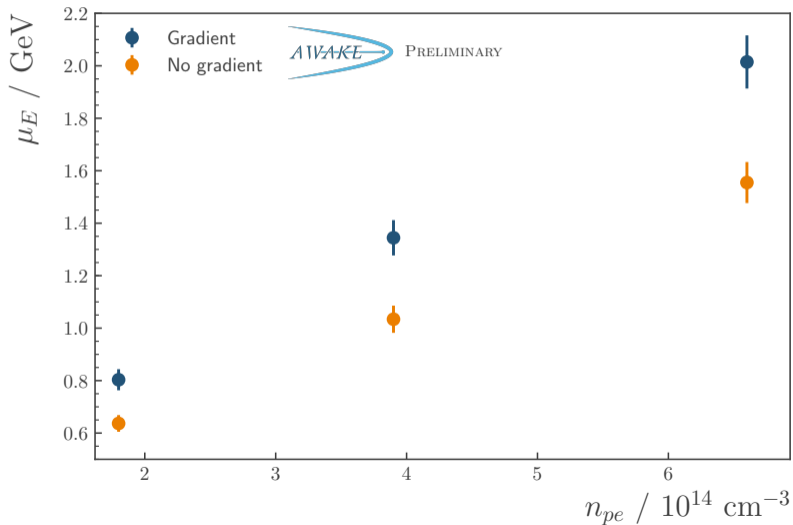
Consecutive electron injection events at $n_{pe} = 1.8 \times 10^{14} \text{ cm}^{-3}$.

Quadrupole scan performed over this period and other parameters held constant.

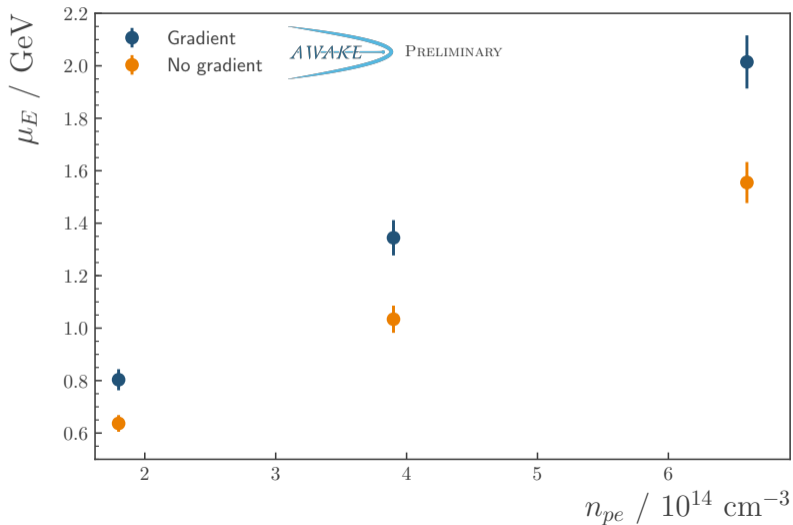
This stability is crucial for further development.



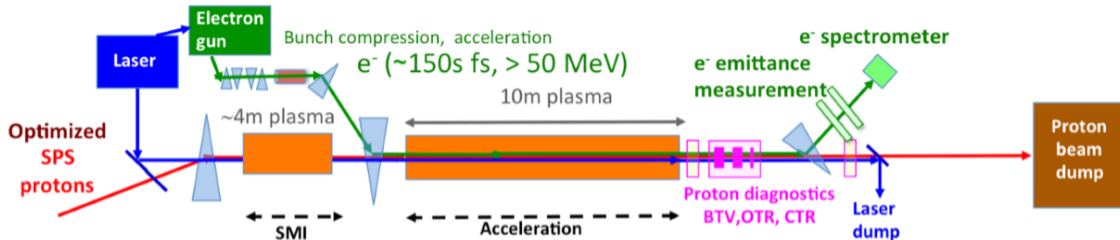
Acceleration up to 2 GeV has been achieved.



Charge capture **decreases** with n_{pe} .



Into the future

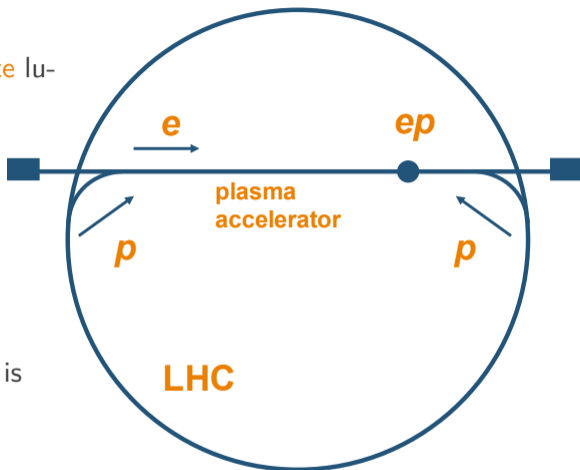


- Demonstrate the use of **scalable** plasma cells.
- New diagnostics for plasma, protons and electrons.
- Achieve **high energy** and high charge capture whilst **preserving emittance**.

Considering options for high energy but **moderate** luminosity e^- bunches.

Fixed target experiments, such as dark matter searches, are being considered.

An ep collider looking at **saturation** (and more) is a leading prospect.



Caldwell & Wing, Eur. Phys. J. C (2016) 76

We'd like to hear **suggestions**, both **big** and small.

AWAKE has demonstrated proton-driven plasma wakefield acceleration for the **first** time.

- Acceleration to **2 GeV** has been observed.
- The reproducibility of the acceleration is already very **promising** for the **future**.
- Only small amounts of charge have been captured so far.
 - We're working to improve the injection electron beam.
 - We will begin scanning the available parameters (injection angle, focal point, etc.) to maximise the charge.
- We're increasingly looking beyond this year to AWAKE run 2.
- There are many good **applications** for this technology and we're open to **suggestions**.

These are only the first results and there will be many **more** coming soon.

BACKUP

